

Equations for Exam 3

Generally:

$$\vec{E} = \frac{\vec{F}}{q}$$

$$k = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2 / \text{C}^2$$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 / (\text{N} \cdot \text{m}^2)$$

$$e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

$$\Delta V_{AB} = \frac{-W_{AB}}{q} = -\int_A^B \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{l} = \frac{\Delta PE}{q}$$

$$1 \text{ eV} = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

$$E_x = \frac{-\partial V}{\partial x} \quad E_y = \frac{-\partial V}{\partial y} \quad E_z = \frac{-\partial V}{\partial z}$$

Capacitance:

$$C = \frac{Q}{V}$$

$$U = \frac{1}{2} CV^2 = \frac{Q^2}{2C} = \frac{1}{2} QV$$

$$C_{\text{parallel}} = C_1 + C_2 + \dots$$

$$\frac{1}{C_{\text{series}}} = \frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2} + \dots$$

Current, Voltage and Resistance:

$$I = \frac{dQ}{dt}$$

$$i = nAv_d$$

$$v_d = \frac{e\tau}{m} E$$

$$J = \frac{I}{A} = \sigma E$$

$$\sigma = \frac{ne^2\tau}{m}$$

$$\rho = \frac{1}{\sigma}$$

$$I = qnAv_d$$

$$\Delta V = IR$$

$$R = \rho \frac{L}{A}$$

$$R_{\text{series}} = R_1 + R_2 + \dots$$

$$\frac{1}{R_{\text{parallel}}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \dots$$

$$P = \Delta VI = I^2 R = \frac{\Delta V^2}{R}$$

Kirchhoff:

$$\sum \Delta V = 0$$

$$\sum I_{\text{in}} = \sum I_{\text{out}}$$

Potential and Potential Energy:

$$U_{\text{elec}} = U_0 + qEs$$

$$U_{\text{elec}} = \frac{Kq_1q_2}{r}$$

$$U_{\text{elec}} = \sum_{i < j} \frac{Kq_iq_j}{r_{ij}}$$

$$V \equiv \frac{U_{\text{elec}}}{q}$$

$$V = \left(\frac{U_{\text{elec}}}{q} = \frac{qEs}{q} \right) = Es$$

$$V = \left(\frac{U_{\text{elec}}}{q'} = \frac{kqq'}{r} \right) = \frac{kq}{r} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q}{r}$$

$$V = \sum_i \frac{Kq_i}{r_i}$$

Discharging a Capacitor

$$Q = Q_0 e^{-t/\tau} \text{ where } \tau = RC$$

$$\Delta V_C = Q / C = \frac{Q_0}{C} e^{-t/\tau} = \Delta V_0 e^{-t/\tau}$$

$$I = I_0 e^{-t/\tau}$$

Charging a Capacitor

$$Q = Q_0 (1 - e^{-t/\tau}) \text{ where } \tau = RC$$

$$\Delta V_C = \Delta V_0 (1 - e^{-t/\tau})$$

$$I = I_0 e^{-t/\tau}$$